(XLVIIId YEAR.) THE (No. 2336.)

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 20, 1791.

LONDON, *August* 6.

Extract of a letter from York, July 30.

"A LARGE mass of etherial fire during a violent thunder storm on Monday, fell upon the Corn-hill in the Market-place, Thirsk, and burst, with a report equal to that of the largest cannon. Fortunately a violent shower of hail, which preceded it, had cleared the market people to retire into the houses, otherwise the consequences most probably had been dreadful. During the moment of explosion, the whole square seemed to be in one universal flame, and some people were struck down, feeling at the same time a sensation similar to that of a forcible electrical shock.

"Notwithstanding we do not hear of any material damage being done, save in the dwelling house of Mr. Bently, watch-maker and ironmonger, into which a part of the electric matter (attracted probably by a parcel of iron standing at the door) forced its way, breaking two squares in the shop window; it passed through the shop (wherein was Mr. Bently) and took its direction up the stair-case, which it damaged in a considerable degree; and after doing some trifling injury to the furniture, &c. it passed up the chimney, which it shattered in a most surprising manner. Happily none of the family received the least injury."

Extract of a letter from Portsmouth, dated August 5.

"The grand fleet at Spithead remains without any alteration whatever, nor have any orders for sailing or dismantling reached this place. All the ships still remain in the same stations, no alterations whatever having taken place."

Aug. 11. It is said that Mr. Faulkner has fully executed the purposes of his embassy; that the good understanding which long subsisted between our court and that of Petersburgh is perfectly re-established; and that the empress has assented to a renewal of the commercial treaty, which expired in 1786, and by which both countries were so much benefited.

Aug. 13. A ship, lately arrived in the river from Philadelphia, has brought over six fine plants of the maple tree, which we understand are intended as a present to her majesty.

The order of the court of Madrid, which requires strangers resident in Spain to take an oath of fidelity to the catholic religion and the king, to renounce all connexion with, and allegiance to their native country, and never to apply to it, its ambassadors or envoys, for protection, or to quit the kingdom within fifteen days, on pain of confiscation of property, and being sent to the galleys, is a direct contravention of existing treaties with foreign nations, and cannot be overlooked by Great-Britain in particular, if attempted to be enforced against British subjects.

The king of Spain has caused the following intimation, addressed to the supreme council, &c. to be published:

"After a long negotiation with the Bey and regency of Tunis, since the truce of 1786, for the purpose of laying the foundation of a treaty of peace, friendship and commerce, by a treaty useful and advantageous to my subjects, I have the satisfaction of informing them that this treaty, which secures for ever free navigation and commerce on the coasts of Tunis, of which Spain has been deprived for several ages, was signed this day, with thanks to Almighty God, &c.

"Madrid, July 19th, 1791."

The consols were yesterday done at the very high price of eighty-nine (with the dividend) an instance that has not been known since the year before the American war.

The church now building at Petersburgh is the largest in Europe. Two thousand men have been working on it these twenty years, and are not yet at the top of the walls. Pillars of polished marble, both outside and in; the pillars are of one piece, fifty feet high; the base and capitals of solid silver; but the greatest curiosity of all is the wooden box, which covers the whole from the weather, constructed in a particular manner. All the empress's buildings are in the same immense scale. The great duke's dog-house has 1500 windows, and the audience chamber, in which the empress receives foreign ambassadors, is lined with polished silver—Such is the magnificence of her imperial majesty.

TURKS AND RUSSIANS.

We have already informed our readers of the capture of Anapa, by the Russians. We are now enabled to lay before them the account transmitted by prince Repnin, the commander in chief of the Russian army on the Danube, to the Russian ambassador at Warsaw.

"I have this moment received information that general Gudowitz took the fortress of Anapa by assault, on the 3d of July, new style.—There was made prisoners, Mustapha Pacha of Three Tails (son to Batal Pacha, who commanded last year to Anapa, and was then made prisoner) together with the famous Scheith Mansour, and about 14,000 persons, including the troops and inhabitants of both sexes.

"The Turks defended themselves obstinately, and many of them were killed. I am yet unacquainted with the extent of their loss, and I do not yet know our's, which, however, the courier assures me is but trifling.

"Letters from the Crimea add, that at Anapa were taken 71 cannon, 9 mortars, 100 stand of colours, &c."

Other advices, which we have this day received, state, that the assault continued three hours; that the Turks made the most obstinate resistance, abandoning the town and shutting themselves up in the citadel which commands it, where they continued their resistance, but without effect, as every thing gave way to the impetuosity of the attack.

According to the same advices, the number who bore arms in Anapa, including soldiers and inhabitants, amounted to 14,000 men. Scheith Mansour, who was among the prisoners, is the famous enthusiast, who, under the pretence of religion, some years ago formed a great assemblage of Tartars in the Cuban and the neighbouring countries, where he first hoisted the banner against the Infidels.

The booty which the Russians took at Anapa is very considerable, the inhabitants of all the neighbouring country having deposited there, as in a place of safety, their most valuable effects.

The losing of this only strong hold, which the Porte still possessed in the Cuban, must make them renounce all hopes of again recovering, by force, that country and the Crimea—and this, with their other recent losses, will probably convince them, that a speedy peace is the best means to prevent the Russians from penetrating to Constantinople.

Aug. 19. Yesterday morning an express arrived at the secretary of state's office from lord Cornwallis, with an account of his lordship being before Bangalore with twenty-five thousand men, and that Tippoo Saib in person was encamped with his army in sight of him, so that an engagement between the two armies appeared to be inevitable; and that general Abercrombie was within forty miles of Seringapatam, to which place he was going to lay siege. The British army appeared in the greatest spirits, and expressed an eager desire to engage their looty opponents.

EPIDEMIC FEVER.

The inhabitants of Totness, in Devonshire, and its neighbourhood, have been much alarmed by a dreadful fever that has raged there with great violence for upwards of three weeks past, during which period numbers have died, amongst whom were two medical gentlemen, and several nurses, in consequence of their attendance on the sick—and the dread is so great at present, that many people will not quit their houses; —the fever is so rapid in its progress, that the party afflicted seldom survive three days; it was first taken to Totness by a poor unfortunate creature released from gaol.

SALEM, *October* 4.

The following note to the editor was received from an obliging correspondent at Marblehead, whose repeated attentions have our warmest thanks.

"Marblehead, September 28, 1791.

"SIR,

"CAPT. William Hooper, of the schooner Union, hath this moment arrived here from Bilboa, which place he left the 9th of August last, and brings the following intelligence.—That while he lay in Bilboa, several vessels arrived there from England, which all brought the following accounts, uniformly, viz.—That the courts of Great-Britain and Spain had combined together to make war on France, for the purpose of compelling her to reinstate the French monarch on his throne—That there was never known a hotter press, nor greater preparations for war, which was momently expected to be declared in form. The principal merchants in Bilboa, as well as other ranks of people there, had no doubt but that a war was inevitable."

The assessors of the town of Boston, in apportioning a late tax, have made property in the funds a subject of taxation. This, it is said, has determined a number of its wealthiest citizens to remove to the southward, which will carry vast sums of active property from that town.

BENNINGTON, *October* 3.

The lovers of game may perhaps be gratified in reading the following paragraph respecting hunting:

A gentleman from the northward informs, that a certain Mr. Seeley, of Middlebury, killed seven bears in one day; and another man in Salisbury, the same day, killed four bears, one wolf, two otters, one mink, and one muskrat.

HARTFORD, *October* 3.

On the Progress of the WOOLLEN MANUFACTURE *in Hartford.*

This manufacture, after struggling with every obstacle, begins to flourish, and bids fair to be advantageous to the proprietors as well as to the public. The quality of the clothes, more especially the coarser, is acknowledged on all hands to be superior to that of the English of the same fineness. It is an undeniable fact that the coatings made here are more durable than the English. The great objection formerly made to the colouring and finishing the clothes, is now removed—it being agreed by the best judges that the difference between the best finished English clothes and those of this manufacture, is hardly perceivable—and the writer of this paragraph, a few days ago, saw a tailor mistake cloth from the Hartford manufactory for English.——This being the fact, the reputation of American clothes will rise and facilitate the sale, especially as they can be afforded as low as English clothes of the same fineness.

As this manufacture consumes large quantities of wool, it is recommended to our farmers to attend to the raising of sheep, and also to the improving of the breed. Wool will always be in demand and command cash.

The bell-foundery, by Mr. Doolittle, also deserves notice. The bells cast at this foundery are equal in quality to any imported; and the whole continent may be furnished at this single foundery.

DANBURY, *October* 3.

Our accounts from the southern parts of the state of New-York are far from being pleasing, they state that, the fields of wheat sowed this fall, and which have just began to cover the earth with verdure, and promise a reward to the husbandman, are now visited with that destructive insect the Hessian fly, to a degree it is feared, that will prevent the farmer from reaping the quantity he sowed, the ensuing harvest.

PHILADELPHIA, *October* 10.

The circumstance of a few negroes who had assembled on only two plantations near Port-au-Prince, to remonstrate about their provisions, has given rise to the report of an insurrection there;—this, we are happy to hear, is premature news, as these few were immediately pacified, and every thing is quiet at Port-au-Prince. Indeed there could not have been much dread of an insurrection there, as the place is a garrison, and has a great number of regular troops in service.

Among a variety of accounts from Cape-François, the following has been related—A widow, who owned a plantation on which there were about 500 negroes, having always treated them with humanity and kindness, on the alarm from the insurgents these slaves applied to their owner for arms to defend her property—and when the plantation was attacked, they repelled, and beat off the assailants, by which means the estate was preserved from destruction.——Humanity as well as honesty will be found to be the best policy.

ST. DOMINGO.

Letter from the President of the General Assembly to the Governor of Jamaica.

"Cape-François, August 31, 1791.

"SIR,

"SINCE I had the honour of writing to your excellency, in the name of the general assembly of the representatives of St. Domingo, our condition has not altered for the better; on the contrary, every day exposes us to new misfortunes; and we are unable to put arms even into the hands of those who present themselves to assist us. This has induced our assembly to pass a decree, authorising me to request your excellency to grant us as great a supply of muskets, fabres and pistols, as you possibly can. Fifteen thousand muskets would not be too many. Ah, Sir, how slow that assistance is in coming, which we requested of you! Our melancholy situation will not allow us to measure distance; unreasonable (and men in affliction are ever so) we tax you with want of humanity! as if it were possible to step over the space which divides us with as great rapidity as the flames devour our possessions!—Every day our eyes are fixed upon the waves, in hopes of seeing your ships and your armies emerging from the horizon. What a death-blow to our hopes, if, after whole days of expectation, we found ourselves at length abandoned!

"I have the honour to be, with the most cordial and fraternal affection, Sir, your most obedient, humble servant,

(Signed) "PL. DE CADUSCH, President.

Letter from the President of the General Assembly, to the Members of the General Assembly of Jamaica.

"Cape-François, August 31, 1791.

"GENTLEMEN,

"WE hope you have felt yourselves interested in our misfortunes. Each day we expect the arrival of those succours which we have requested of you; and each day we fear they will arrive too late. We find, indeed, still some persons, who present themselves, to defend us; and we hope that others will do the same, when our neighbours are acquainted with our distresses—but we are in want of arms. This circumstance has induced the assembly to pass a decree, authorising me to entreat you, Gentlemen, to endeavour to procure them for us. Fifteen thousand muskets would not be too many. Come to our assistance; and, by your exertions, preserve this beautiful country from

being laid entirely waste with fire and sword. The inhabitants of St. Domingo expect every thing from you, as from brethren.

"I have the honour to be, with the most cordial and brotherly affection, Gentlemen, your most obedient humble servant,

(Signed) "PL. DE CADUSCH, President.

Aug. 28. It being represented to the general assembly, that the captains of vessels bound to Cape-François might, by the informations of the pilots, be induced to proceed to the lower parts of the island: the assembly decreed, that the lieutenant-governor should be requested to cause an armed vessel, of sufficient force, to cruise at the head of the island, and oblige all vessels, bound for St. Domingo, punctually to follow their original destination.

From a BOSTON Paper.

An old correspondent, who has been afflicted with the gravel, has received great benefit from being advised to eat thirty or forty *cockles* an hour before dinner every day, and taking two spoonsful of *castor oil* every night, before going to bed. By persisting in this course for eleven days, his pains were entirely removed, and having had no return of them, thinks it his duty to communicate the medicine to the public.

A VALETUDINARIAN.

Oct. 13. Yesterday arrived the ship Grange, captain Manlove, from Liverpool. The Grange left Liverpool the 2d of September, and has brought English papers to the beginning of that month, by which we learn, that the people were still peaceable with regard to the Birmingham business—that there were no apprehensions of a counter-revolution in France,—that England has no intention of joining Spain against the proceedings of the national assembly—that, for many years, there has not been so plentiful a harvest as the present in England—and, by the London Gazette we are assured, that the ports of Great-Britain are shut against the importation of all foreign wheat and flour.

Extract of a letter to a respectable house in this city, received by the Grange, dated Liverpool, Aug. 29.

"Information is this day received, that an order of the king in council is issued, by which our ports will be shut against wheat and flour, the second of next month."

WINCHESTER, *October* 1.

INTELLIGENCE from the territory of the United States south of the Ohio.

The latter end of July last, the Cherokees killed two men on the Tenessee, who were going to the Chickasaws.

It is reported, that the three towns of Creek Indians that stood out, and would not accede to the New-York treaty, have, through the great exertions of M'Gillivray, ratified the same—and it is generally expected that they will remain at peace, if the Cumberland people will overlook the depredations committed on that settlement during the last winter.

The proprietors of the Mussel Shoals, on the Tenessee, are determined to effect a settlement there, at the risque of every thing, and are making all the preparations in their power for a number of emigrants to set out early in November next. The Creeks and Cherokees are very much alarmed at this, and are determined to sacrifice both nations sooner than suffer that country to be settled; for, should it take place, the Cherokees must leave the Tenessee.

About the 1st of September a party of Indians came to a place called Moccassen Gap, in Clinch mountain, within seven miles of Ross's furnace, and killed four persons—a party of men followed them immediately, but through some mismanagement returned without coming up with them. It is not known to what nation they belonged, but, from several circumstances, it is thought they were northern Indians.

The southern Indians were never more inclined for peace than they are at present.

In August last, several brothers, of the name of Sherrald, were travelling together. In the course of their journey the two younger brothers quarrelled with one of the elder, in consequence of which, one of the first mentioned ran up to the latter, and struck a tomahawk into his skull, which unhappily occasioned his death in twenty-four hours afterwards. The deceased was a man of good character, and has left a wife and several children to lament his fate. The murderer is now in confinement.

Saturday last, a boy in the vicinity of Cape Capon, went a short distance from his father's house, with an intention of shooting pheasants, should he discover any. It seems, not far from the house there is a noted tree, entwined with grape-vines, much frequented by pheasants—hither, in the absence of the boy above-mentioned, a younger brother had gone to gather grapes, and was up in the tree, within a short distance of which the former passed, on his return homeward. He discovered something in the tree, but could not tell what, it being dusk; but, supposing it to be a pheasant, he fired, and melancholy to relate, shot his brother through the head, his rifle being charged with a ball.

ANNAPOLIS, *October* 20.

George Waggaman, Levin Denwood, Levin Winder and Tubman Lowes, Esquires, are elected delegates, to represent Somerset county, in the ensuing general assembly.

Benjamin Dennis, John Holland, John Rockliffe and John Purnell Marshall, Esquires, are elected for Worcester county.

Montgomery county, October 10, 1791.

NOTICE is hereby given, that I intend to prefer a petition to the next general assembly of the state of Maryland, praying an act to exonerate me from debts which I am unable to pay.

2 DAVID GEDDES.

To the CITIZENS of ANNAPOLIS, and the PUBLIC.

HAVING understood that some persons of this city have formed an opinion, that I accompanied Mr. Elijah Gaither into this state for the purpose of aiding him in the execution of his intentions on the life of col. Rezin Hammond—this is therefore to beg the candid public not too hastily to adopt an idea so abhorrent to my feelings, but to suspend their suspicions until I should have an opportunity of procuring evidences relating to my conduct in the affair, by which I promise sufficiently to remove every ground for such a suspicion, and undeniably to make appear the uprightness of my designs in regard to the WHOLE business, by manifesting to the public that my intentions were uniformly exercised from the time I knew any thing of their dispute, to defeat the machinations of Mr. Gaither against col. Hammond—And here I beg leave to acknowledge my obligations to certain gentlemen of this city for their friendly treatment to me, and particularly several from Harford county, who were here as jurymen, who generously offered to be security for my appearing, to answer any thing that might be brought against me relative to my apprehension of Mr. Gaither. I am the public's most obedient servant,

JOHN M'EUEN.

This is to give NOTICE,

That, by virtue of an order from the orphan's court of Anne-Arundel county, WILL BE SOLD, at PUBLIC SALE, on the 14th day of November, 1791,

ALL the PERSONAL ESTATE of DELIA LUSBY, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, consisting of several negroes, some stock and household furniture. The said property will be sold for the purpose of paying the just debts of the said Delia Lusby, and all those who are indebted to the said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

The sale to be at the plantation of Jacob Lusby, deceased, near South river, if fair, if not the next fair day; and if there should not be purchasers to purchase all that is set up, it will be brought to Annapolis and sold the next day, and further notice will be given by the drum.

ELIZA MURDOCH, Admx.

Annapolis, October 20, 1791.

TO BE SOLD,

By the subscriber, at PUBLIC SALE, at Broad creek, in Prince-George's county, on Patowmack, on TUESDAY the 22d day of November next, if fair, if not the next fair day,

TWENTY likely young NEGROES, consisting of men, women, boys and girls, among which are some valuable tradesmen. The terms of payment will be made known on the day of sale.

RICHARD H. COURTS.

October 12, 1791.

By direction of WILLIAM CAMPBELL, Esq; agent for the state of Maryland, I shall expose to public sale, on TUESDAY the 1st day of November next, at four o'clock, P. M. at the house of Mr. Thomas Crackles, in Port-Tobacco, for ready cash,

THE TWO following TRACTS or PARCELS of LAND, viz.

LUCKETT's BENEFITS, containing 44 acres, and MOSES's DITCH, containing two hundred and twenty-nine and one half acres, lying within three miles of Port-Tobacco, late the property of Thomas H. Luckett.

Wm. MARBURY, Deputy Agent.

October 17, 1791.

A New Store.

JOHNSON AND HARWOOD,

——HAVE JUST RECEIVED——

By the latest arrivals from EUROPE, and have now for SALE, at their STORE nearly opposite to Mr. *Stephen Clark's*,

A PRETTY GENERAL

Assortment of GOODS,

Suitable for the present and approaching season, which they will sell low for CASH or COUNTRY PRODUCE.

1m

October 14, 1791.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

That in pursuance of a warrant, to me directed by the governor and council, an ELECTION will be held for Anne-Arundel county, at the city of Annapolis, on WEDNESDAY the 26th instant, for the purpose of electing a person, for the third district, to represent the state of Maryland in the house of representatives of the United States. A vacancy has arisen by the resignation of William Pinkney, Esquire.

JAMES WILLIAMS, Sheriff.

St. Mary's, October 8, 1791.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

That I intend to apply to the next general assembly for an act to make valid a deed executed by Caleb Jones to me, for about forty-eight acres of land, Part of BRICKWITH's LOTS, lying in St. Mary's county, which deed was not recorded in the time prescribed by law, and to direct the recording of the said deed.

MORDECAI JONES.

WILLIAM FOXCROFT,

At the Sign of the Golden Bee-Hive,

Most respectfully acquaints his friends and the public, that he has just received, via Philadelphia, and now opening,

A Neat and General ASSORTMENT of

FALL GOODS,

CONSISTING OF

Fashionable, Superfine & Second Clothes,	Table Clothes,
Three quarters and seven-eighths stripe Clothes,	Bed-Ticks,
Cassimers,	Flanders Bed-Bunts,
Superfine, stripe & plain Coating,	Checks, 7-8 and yard wide,
Cardinals,	Cotton Stripes,
Halfthicks,	7-8 and yard wide Irish Linens, & Sheetings,
Knap'd Cottons,	Ink Powder,
Flannels,	Snuff,
Baizes,	Ladies fashionable Beaver Hats,
Welsh Plains,	Mens coarse ditto,
Duffil Blankets,	Fashionable Coat & Vest Buttons,
Durants,	Imperial ditto,
Calimancoes,	Broad and Narrow Ribands,
Jones Spinning,	Modes and Sattins,
Moreens,	Tapes,
Wildboars,	Bindings,
Crapes,	Thread,
Muslinets,	Edging and Bobbing,
Muslins of all sorts,	Ladies and Gentlemen's Cotton, Silk & Worsted Hose,
Plaid, Stripe and spotted Gauzes,	Silk and Cotton Patent ditto,
Royal Ribbs,	Ladies Gloves,
Thickset,	Gentlemen's Beaver ditto,
Satinets,	Ditto lined with Flannel,
Jeans,	Best Philadelphia & common Stuff Shoes,
Fustains,	White Sattin ditto,
Corduroys,	Ironmongery,
Black Princess Stuff,	Queen's Ware, &c. &c.
Cottons and Calicoes,	
Cotton & Chintz Shawls,	
Cotton and Linen Handkerchiefs,	
Black Silk & Love Handkerchiefs,	

Fine Old MADEIRA,

By the PIPE, or GALLON.

Prince-George's county, October 15, 1791.

ALL persons who have claims against the estate of BIRK MOCKBEE, late of Prince-George's county, deceased, are desired to bring them in properly authenticated to the subscriber, near Upper Marlborough, on or before the 10th day of December next, or they will be excluded on the distribution of the assets in hand.

Wm. N. MOCKBEE, Administrator.

To be SOLD,

By the Subscriber,

TWELVE hundred ACRES of good LAND in one body, between the heads of Sassafras and Appoquinimink, the greater part of which is well timbered, and the residue well adapted for the production of wheat and Indian corn. The time of payment will be made easy to the purchaser, and the land disposed of in lots, or otherwise, as may be agreed on.

DANIEL CHARLES HEATH.

One Hundred Dollars Reward.

Port-Tobacco, August 20, 1791.

WHEREAS, on Saturday the 13th instant, between the hours of ten and eleven o'clock at night, as my negro man called BENJAMIN was going from this place to Haberdeventure, as soon as he reached the top of the hill, commonly called Theobald's Hill, (about half of a mile distant from this town) he was met and accosted by a white man who had on a dark cloth coat, and who rode a small black horse, some trifling conversation ensued, when this man rode up to Benjamin and gave him a violent stab in the breast with a knife, or some such weapon, of which he died on the Monday following—I will pay the above reward of one hundred dollars to any person who will discover the perpetrator of this inhuman act, so that he be convicted thereof.

J. H. STONE.

TO BE RENTED,

By the SUBSCRIBER, for one Year,

THAT well known STAND for a PUBLIC HOUSE, where *Jonathan Rawlings*, deceased, lately lived, with sixty ACRES of LAND, and a MEADOW that will cut five tuns of hay per year—and possession will be given the 10th of November next.

GASSAWAY RAWLINGS.

September 30, 1791.

October 12, 1791.

By direction of WILLIAM CAMPBELL, Esquire, agent for the state of Maryland, I shall offer for SALE at Bladensburgh on MONDAY the 31st instant, for ready cash,

THAT part of the TRACT of LAND, on which Mr. HUMPHREY BELT now lives, which was purchased by WILLIAM KILTY, Esquire, late agent, to satisfy a debt due the state of Maryland, from said Belt, as security for John Beall, Esquire, late collector of Prince-George's county.

Wm. MARBURY, Deputy Agent.

On SATURDAY the 22d inſtant, WILL BE SOLD, at PUBLIC SALE, at the houſe of Mr. S. HAMILTON, in Upper-Marlborough,

TEN country-born NEGROES, to wit, one man about 25 years old, ſix women and girls from 15 to 20, and three children. The ſale to begin at 4 o'clock. Credit will be given the purchaſer for one year, on giving bond with approved ſecurity.

October 10th, 1791. 2

By virtue of a deed of truſt from major Henry Ridgely to the ſubſcriber, WILL BE SOLD, at PUBLIC VENDUE, on WEDNESDAY the 16th day of NOVEMBER next, if fair, if not the next fair day thereafter, for ready money,

THE DWELLING PLANTATION of the late Henry Ridgely, with the ſeveral parcels of land thereto adjoining, which are mentioned in ſaid deed, containing about 954 acres; alſo, a tract or parcel of land called WILLIAMS's CONTRIVANCE, containing 320 acres, more or leſs, or ſuch other part of the property in the deed ſpecified, as ſhall be ſufficient to anſwer the purpoſes thereof.

BRICE T. B. WORTHINGTON.

October 13, 1791. 2

SHERIFF's SALES.

Prince-George's county, October 4, 1791.

TAKEN, by virtue of a writ of *fieri facias*, iſſued out of the general court, and will be EXPOSED to SALE, at John Nevitt's tavern, in Nottingham, on the 4th day of November next, for ready caſh, between the hours of 11 and 12 o'clock,

THREE LOTS in the town of Nottingham, with houſes and other improvements thereon; taken as the property of Fielder Bowie, Eſq; to ſatisfy a debt due the ſtate of Maryland. And,

On the ſame day, at four o'clock in the evening, will be EXPOSED to SALE, on the premiſes, the PLANTATION whereon Mr. John Brown now lives, containing about 200 acres; taken as the property of John Brown, to ſatisfy a debt due the ſtate of Maryland.

EDWARD L. WAILES, Sheriff.

By direction of WILLIAM CAMPBELL, Eſquire, agent for the ſtate of Maryland, I ſhall EXPOSE to SALE, for ready caſh, on MONDAY the 31ſt day of October next, between 12 and one o'clock, at Roſe's tavern, in Bladenſburg,

PART of a TRACT of LAND, called DEAKIN's HALL, containing 264 acres more or leſs, lying in Prince-George's county, late the property of Leonard Marbury Deakins.

Wm. MARBURY, Deputy Agent.

Annapolis, October 4, 1791.

By virtue of ſundry writs of *venditioni exponas* and *fieri facias*, to me directed, will be EXPOSED to PUBLIC SALE, on MONDAY the 31ſt inſtant, at 4 o'clock in the afternoon, at Mr. *George Mann's*,

SUNDRY TRACTS or PARCELS of LAND, viz.

Part of a tract of land called *Snowden's Manor*, ſuppoſed to contain two hundred and ſixty-five acres—taken and ſold as the property of Nathan Waters.

One other parcel or tract of land called *Miles's Chance*, 35 acres, on the mouth of Lyon's creek—taken and ſold as the property of Thomas Miles.

One other parcel or tract of land, about 50 acres, whereon John Chew lives; taken and ſold as the property of John Chew.

JAMES WILLIAMS, Sheriff.

Prince-George's county, September 24, 1791.

On SATURDAY the 19th day of *November* next, WILL BE SOLD, to the higheſt bidder, by the ſubſcriber, at his dwelling houſe,

ABOUT ſeven hundred and forty acres of good LAND, ſituated between Queen-Anne and Belle-Air, and about three miles from the former—The land is well improved, has ſeveral good dwelling houſes, tobacco houſes, corn houſes, &c. on it; alſo, one good mill, with two pair of ſtones, double geared, and one other mill nearly finiſhed, calculated to carry two pair of ſtones as the former, both ſtanding on a conſtant ſtream, the latter ſo near Patuxent that it is propoſed to take water therefrom in addition to the ſtream; both mills are calculated for merchant work. The lands, &c. may be ſeen, and the terms made known, by applying to the ſubſcriber any time before the day of ſale. This property will be ſold together, or divided in parcels, as may be moſt convenient to purchaſers.

THOMAS BOYD.

By order of *William Campbell*, Eſquire, agent for the ſtate of Maryland, WILL BE SOLD, on the firſt TUESDAY in November next, between the hours of eleven and one o'clock, if fair, or otherwiſe on the firſt fair day that may happen thereafter, at the houſe of *Peter Lawſon*, Eſquire,

A NUMBER of valuable negroes, conſiſting of men, women and children; a quantity of ſtock, of all kinds; as alſo the right of the ſaid Peter Lawſon in and to an undivided moiety or half part of all that part of a tract of land called Bohemia Manor, lying and being in Cæcil county, in the ſtate of Maryland, and in the poſſeſſion of the aforeſaid Lawſon—the ſame to be ſold for caſh, being taken to ſatisfy a debt due the ſtate of Maryland.

JAMES ORRICK, Sheriff of Cæcil county.

NOTICE.

THE ſubſcriber intends to petition the general aſſembly, in November next, to pay him for the lot and warehouſes for the reception of tobacco in Upper-Marlborough-town. The rent is kept from him to pay the repairs; he has not received any for ſix years paſt, and has the aſſeſſment to pay annually.

THOMAS CONTEE.

September 10, 1791. 6

NOTICE is hereby given,

THAT a petition will be preſented to the next general aſſembly of Maryland for an act to prevent SWINE from running at large in the town of BLADENSBURG, Prince-George's county.

September 15, 1791. 5

NOTICE is hereby given,

THAT I intend to apply to the next general aſſembly of Maryland to confirm my title to part of a TRACT of LAND called RICHARD's DELIGHT.

DENNIS NALLEY.

Charles county, Auguſt 26, 1791. 7

☞ NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

THAT there will be a petition preferred before the next general aſſembly of Maryland for a law to paſs empowering ſundry inhabitants of Anne-Arundel county to erect an inſpection houſe, for tobacco, on South river, at a place called and known by the name of Howard's Point, where there formerly was one for that purpoſe, though burnt down by ſome malicious perſon or perſons.

7

☞ NOTICE is hereby given,

THAT I intend to preſer a petition to the next general aſſembly of the ſtate of Maryland, praying an act to liberate me from confinement, and diſcharge from debts which I am unable to pay.

STEPHEN CLARKE.

Annapolis, September 1, 1791. 7

☞ NOTICE is hereby given,

THAT the ſubſcriber intends to petition the next general aſſembly of the ſtate of Maryland, at their next ſitting for an act to diſcharge him from debts which he is unable to pay.

RISDON BOZMAN.

Somerſet county, September 7, 1791. 7

☞ NOTICE is hereby given,

THAT I intend applying to the general aſſembly of Maryland, at their next ſeſſion, for redreſs of an injury done my late grand father, NICHOLAS SEWALL, of this county, deceaſed, in the condemnation of a certain tract of land, lying in Dorcheſter county, for the uſe of a tribe or tribes of Indians.

NICHOLAS SEWALL.

St. Mary's county, September 27, 1791. 3

☞ NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

THAT I intend to petition the next general aſſembly of Maryland to reinſtate me in the ſame right to my land in St. Mary's county, that was given by my father for my ſupport, which was changed by the act of confiſcation.

ELIZABETH WILSON.

St. Mary's, Auguſt 26, 1791. 7

THE ſubſcriber is under the diſagreeable neceſſity of informing his creditors, that he intends to petition the next general aſſembly, for a law to relieve him from debts he is unable to pay.

MARSH M. DUVALL. 7

Notice is hereby given,

THAT the ſubſcriber intends to petition the next general aſſembly, that an act may paſs to empower her to collect, by way of execution, all public taxes due to Benjamin Howard as collector for the year 1786, alſo all county charges and officers fees, and all fees or other balances due to him as ſheriff and collector of the county for the years 1788 and 1789.

MARTHA HOWARD, Executrix.

Anne-Arundel county, Auguſt 30, 1791. 8

NOTICE,

THAT the underſigned having been already attached to anſwer a claim he is entirely incapacitated, by inſolvencies and loſſes in trade, to ſatisfy fully without doing material injury to the reſt of his creditors; and it being his wiſh to render as equal juſtice to them as poſſible—he is conſtrained to manifeſt his intention of petitioning the legiſlature of Maryland, at their next meeting, to relieve his perſon from arreſt, on his giving up his property, real and perſonal, in truſt, for the benefit of thoſe who have claims againſt him, either on his private account, or on account of the firms in which he has concerned. He intends alſo to petition the legiſlature, in a ſimilar manner, in behalf of his brother, who is beyond ſea.

BEN. CONTEE.

Charles county, September 19, 1791. 5

Kent county, September 18, 1791.

THIS is to give notice to all whom it may concern, that, from a variety of cauſes and misfortunes which have befallen me, I am rendered incapable of paying my debts; I therefore intend to petition the next general aſſembly of this ſtate to be releaſed and diſcharged from the payment of my debts, whether in my own name, or the name of Thomas Smyth and Sons, upon delivering up all my property for the benefit of my creditors.

THOMAS SMYTH.

To the CITIZENS of the City of ANNAPOLIS, ANNE-ARUNDEL and PRINCE-GEORGE's Counties.

Gentlemen,

I RESPECTFULLY offer you my ſervices to repreſent your diſtrict in the Congreſs of the United States, become vacant by the reſignation of Mr. Pinkney; and, with earneſt zeal for your public proſperity, I am, Gentlemen,

Your moſt obedient ſervant,

JOHN F. MERCER.

ANNAPOLIS, October 4, 1791. 3X

Calvert county, Auguſt 24, 1791.

THE ſubſcriber is under the diſagreeable neceſſity of informing his creditors, that he intends to petition the legiſlature at their next ſeſſion, for an act to liberate him from debts which he is not able to diſcharge, as the number of ſuits already inſtituted againſt him render a payment impracticable.

FRANCIS KING. 8X

Prince-George's county, October 1, 1791.

THE ſubſcriber, from a variety of cauſes and misfortunes, is under the diſagreeable neceſſity of giving this public notice, that he means to petition the next general aſſembly of this ſtate to releaſe him from debts which he is unable to pay, upon his giving up all his property for the uſe of his creditors.

BENJAMIN BELT, ſen. 3

Montgomery county, September 18, 1791.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That the ſubſcriber, being in cuſtody under an execution for a large ſum of money, is under the neceſſity of applying to the general aſſembly, at their next ſeſſion, for an act to releaſe him from confinement, and diſcharge him from all debts heretofore contracted, upon his delivering up all his property.

SAMUEL OFFUTT. 4

NEW LINE.

ANNAPOLIS, EASTON, and PHILADELPHIA,

Water and Land STAGES,

Via CÆCIL COURT HOUSE & NEWCASTLE.

THE Subſcribers, (Proprietors of the *Philadelphia* and *Baltimore New Line*) very reſpectfully inform the *inhabitants of this city* and its vicinity, they intend to eſtabliſh a communication from this place direct to *Philadelphia*, for the conveyance of *freight* and *paſſengers*, to commence running the 29th inſtant, by the following route:—*A packet* will leave *Philadelphia* every *Monday* morning for Newcaſtle, on its arrival the ſtage immediately conveys the paſſengers to *Cæcil Court Houſe*, where the packet waits their arrival, and proceeds direct for *Annapolis* and *Eaſton*, and touches at *Annapolis* on her return. The peculiar advantages of this tour, in point of expedition, will be obvious to every traveller going to the northward, it being certain this route can be performed in leſs time than by land. The *proprietors* ſolicit the patronage of the public, aſſuring them every exertion ſhall be uſed to render this line pleaſing, agreeable and expeditious. The variableneſs of the winds renders the day of the *packet's* return from *Eaſton* rather uncertain; but it is expected ſhe will leave this place early every Sunday morning. *Paſſengers*, and *ſhippers* that have freight to forward, are requeſted to leave their names at the *Printers*, who will inſtruct the captain to wait upon them and inform the hour of departure.

JOHN CHAMBERS, *Cæcil Court Houſe.*
HENRY DARLEY, Wm. CLAY, BOND and LEES, } *Newcaſtle.*

Paſſage to Cæcil Court-Houſe,	7	6
to Newcaſtle in ſtage,	6	0
to Philadelphia in packet,	3	9
	17	3

Heavy freight, 2*s.* per cwt. from city to city. Light, in proportion to bulk.

Annapolis, Auguſt 19, 1791. 5

FOR SALE,

THAT beautiful SEAT or LOT of LAND, the place of reſidence of the late *Daniel of St. Thomas Jenifer*, Eſquire, known by the name of STEPNEY, lying in Anne-Arundel county, within one mile of South river ferry, containing 835 acres. The improvements on this valuable farm are remarkably good, and ſeveral orchards of excellent fruit, from which may be made in a favourable year 15,000 gallons of cider, equal, if not ſuperior, to any in the ſtate.

——ALSO,——

A ſmall TRACT of LAND, binding on South river, nearly adjoining the above, containing 229 acres, on which is an orchard of choice fruit, a convenient and comfortable dwelling houſe, a large barn, quite new, with other neceſſary out-houſes. A more particular deſcription of the above lands is conſidered unneceſſary, as it is preſumed thoſe diſpoſed to purchaſe, will previouſly view them.

The two tracts will be ſold together, or ſeparately, as may be moſt convenient to the purchaſers, and poſſeſſion given on the firſt day of January next, with permiſſion to ſow fall grain.

Any perſon inclinable to purchaſe, may know the terms, which will be made eaſy, by applying to

DANIEL JENIFER, ſon, } Executors.
DANIEL JENIFER, jun. } 7

SCHEME
OF A
LOTTERY,
For the disposal of PROPERTY belonging to Mr. JAMES PATTISON.

		£.	s.	d.
1 Prize of	1 full-blooded mare,	50	0	0
1	1 do.	45	0	0
1	1 mare colt,	40	0	0
1	1 mare,	35	0	0
1	1 do.	15	0	0
1	1 do.	12	0	0
1	1 mare colt,	15	0	0
1	1 do.	15	0	0
1	1 do.	15	0	0
1	1 do.	12	0	0
1	1 do.	12	0	0
1	17¼ yards of black silk mode,	15	10	7½
1	32½ do. fine spotted jeans,	12	3	9
1	16½ do. striped muslin,	10	3	4
1	23½ do. fine spotted jeans,	7	14	4½
1	31½ do. black calimanco,	5	9	4½
1	23½ do. striped cotton,	5	5	9
1	1 mill-saw,	4	12	6
1	50 yards of broad coloured ribbon,	4	3	5
1	17 do. fouslee gauze,	3	16	6
1	24½ do. white flannel,	3	14	7½
1	23½ do. calimanco,	3	0	8½
1	21 lbs. of antimony,	2	13	9
1	12½ yards of white durants,	2	4	11
1	2 gross and 5 dozen horn buttons,	2	3	0
1	11 China cups and saucers,	2	2	10½
1	8 shawls,	1	16	0
1	7 gauze handkerchiefs,	1	15	0
1	13½ yards of narrow lace,	1	10	4½
1	2 black silk hats,	1	10	0
1	1 pair of mens slippers, & 1 jeanet vest shape,	1	10	0
1	2 do. brass candlesticks,	1	10	0
1	18 lbs. coffee,	1	10	0
1	8 gauze handkerchiefs,	1	8	0
1	23 dozen mohair buttons,	1	6	10
1	2 large bowls,	1	6	8
1	2 shawls,	1	5	0
1	1 worsted breeches pattern & 6½ yards of gauze,	1	4	9
1	1 large bowl & soup tureen,	1	4	7
1	2 pair of brass candlesticks,	1	4	0
1	4 gauze handkerchiefs,	1	4	0
1	1 pair of mens leather shoes, and 3 yards of shalloon,	1	4	0
1	6 pair of cloth breeches,	1	2	6
1	2 large bowls,	1	2	6
1	5 large dishes,	1	2	6
1	1 scarlet vest shape, and 3 pieces of fine Dutch tape,	1	2	6
1	3 pair of cotton stockings,	1	2	6
1	2 do. do.	1	2	6
1	4 yards narrow lace, & 3 yards white buckram,	1	2	4
1	4½ do. Red Persian,	1	2	3
1	3 pair worsted stockings & 4 sticks of twist,	1	2	0
1	6½ yards of blue sagathy,	1	1	10½
1	1 pair fine worsted stockings, 2 pair garters, & 1 piece worsted bind.	1	1	6
1	1 do. thread stockings, & 10½ thousand pins,	1	1	6
1	30½ dozen shirt buttons, & 12 small sticks twist,	1	1	3
1	1 lb. of ounce thread,	1	1	4
1	6 small dishes, and 3 large stone butter pots,	1	1	0
1	17 cups & saucers, & 12 milk pots with covers,	1	0	9
1	4 yards white Persian,	1	0	0
1	2 pair cotton stockings,	1	0	0
1	22 cups, 26 saucers, and 8 salt stands,	1	0	0
1	6½ yards spotted gauze, & 2 gauze handkerchiefs,	0	19	10
1	2 gauze aprons, & 1 gauze handkerchief,	0	19	6
1	3 gross small horn buttons, and 2 butter boats,	0	19	6
1	0⅞ lb. ounce thread, & 13 thimbles,	0	19	2
1	1 pair silver plated spurs, & 3 dozen small mohair buttons,	0	19	3
1	2 quart mugs, & 1 pair of brass candlesticks,	0	19	0
1	3 yards of striped fouslee gauze, and 1 gauze handkerchief,	0	19	0
1	2½ dozen breakfast plates, and 5 sugar pots with covers,	0	18	6
1	1 lb. of ounce thread, and 6 silk laces,	0	18	9
1	1 lb. fine slip thread, and 8 slips balandine,	0	18	6
1	2 mustard pots, 11 white saucers, and 2 adzes,	0	18	2
2	26 penknives,	2	3	4
2	2 black silk bonnets,	3	10	0
2	2 shawls,	3	10	0
2	4 do.	3	17	0
2	5 pair thread stockings,	2	5	0
2	5 pieces narrow worsted bind.	2	5	0
2	2 worsted breeches patterns,	3	0	0
2	1 large trunk,	3	0	0
2	6 lb. of allspice,	1	16	0
2	2 pair fine worsted stockings,	3	15	0
2	2 shawls,	4	10	0
2	4 yards blue cloth,	4	0	0
2	1 vest shape of stripe casimer,	5	12	0
2	2 do. scarlet,	6	0	0
3	3 pieces broad worsted bind.	4	10	0
3	3 gauze handkerchiefs,	5	0	0
3	80 sticks worsted cruels,	5	0	0
3	1 pair of seal-skin slippers,	3	15	0
3	25 lb. large Bristol shot,	10	0	0
3	1 handsome waistcoat shape,	7	17	6
3	2 Jeanet do.	10	10	0
4	5 ells check,	6	8	3
4	1 coverlid,	12	0	0
5	24 pair of garters,	7	4	0
7	1 do. womens sattin shoes and slippers,	11	5	0
10	2 do. mens leather shoes,	11	0	0
11	1 pewter dish,	8	10	0
11	5 ells of check,	12	19	6
14	7 yards of Irish linen,	84	14	4
68	14 do. osnabrigs,	35	2	6
81				
367 Prizes.		730	13	9
633 Blanks.	Contingent expences,	19	6	3
1000 Tickets at 15s. each, is		750	0	0

THE advantages of the above SCHEME are very obvious—It is well calculated to suit adventurers, from the valuable variety of its prizes—which are also very numerous—It is therefore intended to be drawn on the 20th of October next, in this city; previous to which, TICKETS may be had at the *Printing-Office*; of *William Hammond*, *Barruck Fowler*, at Mr. *Stevens's*; *William Foxcroft*, *William Alexander*, and *John Addison*, Annapolis—At Lower-Marlborough, of captain *Thomas Harwood*, *William Allein*, *Robert Moore*, Dr. *Parran*, *James M'Blair*, and *James Whittington*—Of *Joseph Griffith*, at St. Leonard's creek—and also of *James Pattison*, at Herring bay.

*** For the information of adventurers, a list of the prizes will be published in the Maryland Gazette.

Five Pounds Reward.

RAN away from the subscriber, living in Anne-Arundel county, within one mile of Severn chapel, on or about the 6th day of August, 1791, a negro man named CÆSAR, about 44 years of age, five feet eleven inches high; he is a stout square well made fellow, and when out of temper speaks very loud; he has remarkable small legs for a man of his size, and large flat feet; he was formerly the property of Mrs. Lewin of this county, who raised him, has since had several masters before he became the property of the subscriber; had on, and took with him, a new felt hat, oznabrig shirt and one white ditto, striped Holland trousers, and a short blue jacket: He is a very artful fellow, and probably will change his name and cloaths and pass for a freeman. Whoever secures the said negro in the gaol of the county where he is taken, or in any other gaol, so that the owner may get him again, shall receive THREE POUNDS, or the above reward if brought home, with all reasonable charges, paid by

LANCELOT WARFIELD.

Anne-Arundel county, August 31, 1791.

I HEREBY give notice, that I mean to apply to the next general assembly of the state of Maryland, for an act of insolvency in my favour, being unable to pay my debts. ISAAC SIMMONS.

☞ *NOTICE is hereby given*,

THAT application will be made to the general assembly, at their session in November next, for an act to subject the lands within the city of Washington, in the territory of Columbia, belonging to infants, persons insane or absent, or who will not agree to the same terms as the proprietors in general have, by agreement, subjected their lands to within the same city, instead of the common mode of condemnation on a valuation by jury.

September 9, 1791.

Kent county, August 23, 1791.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a number of the inhabitants of Kent county intend to petition the next general assembly of Maryland, to pass an act to empower the county court of said county to cause a new road to be opened from Isaac Perkins's mills to New-Market, and in their discretion to shut up or leave open part of the old road from Marches lane to New-Market aforesaid, and to tax the county (or in their option the persons concerned) the expence and damages incurred for opening the said new road.

October 5, 1791.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of STEPHEN STEWARD, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, are hereby desired to make immediate payment, and those who have claims against the said estate are requested to bring them in properly authenticated, that they may be adjusted, by

STEPHEN STEWARD, Admr.

THE subscribers hereby forewarn all persons whatever from hunting, with either dog or gun, on the lands in South river neck belonging to the estate of William Sanders, lately deceased.

Oct. 4, 1791. F. GREEN, W. W. DAVIS.

TWELVE DOLLARS REWARD.

RAN away from the subscriber, living in St. Mary's county, on the 10th day of May, a country born negro slave named PHILL, about twenty-eight or nine years of age, five feet seven or eight inches high; he is a very likely black fellow, and has large black eyes; and on and took with him when he went away, a new felt hat, a short red broad cloth coat, a brown linen ditto, a yellow stamped cotton jacket, a white linen shirt, a pair of brown fustian breeches, a cotton and linen shirt, a pair of striped bed-ticking trousers, a pair of worsted stockings, and a pair of shoes and buckles. I understand that he has hired himself in the neighbourhood of Annapolis, and passes by the name of CHARLES BUTLER. I will give the above reward to any person delivering the said fellow to me, or eight dollars for securing him in any gaol, so that I get him. All persons are forewarned harbouring the said negro at their peril.

HENRY NEALE.

August 22, 1791.

Annapolis, October 4, 1791.

By virtue of a writ of *fieri facias*, to me directed, will be EXPOSED to PUBLIC SALE, on MONDAY the 24th instant, at ten o'clock, at the late dwelling house of major Henry Ridgely, Elk-Ridge,

ALL kinds of HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, and sundry other ARTICLES, viz.

Seven feather beds, bedsteads and bedding, tables, chairs, looking-glasses, chest of drawers, an eight day clock, china of different kinds, about 7½ lbs. of silver plate, about 40 head of hogs, some wheat, rye, oats and hay, in stacks; the crop of Indian corn, of about 200 barrels, in the field, and fodder; and sundry other articles. The sale to continue till all are sold. Taken and sold as the property of Henry Ridgely, by

JAMES WILLIAMS, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Sales.

St. Mary's county, September 19, 1791.

By virtue of a writ of *venditioni exponas*, to me directed from the general court of the western shore of the state of Maryland, will be SOLD, on Friday the 27th day of October next, at the dwelling plantation of John Cartwright, Esq; for ready cash,

A LIFE ESTATE in the third part of the said plantation commonly called Marsh Neck, containing by estimation 824 acres, more or less. One other tract or parcel of land, being part of Chapco Manor, containing 131 acres, more or less. One other tract or parcel of land called Trent Fork, having a grist mill thereon, containing 125 acres, more or less. Also one other tract or parcel of land called The Ridge and Part of Ludgate, containing by estimation 75 acres, more or less.

——ALSO,——

A number of valuable negroes, consisting of men, women, boys and girls; horses, black cattle, hogs and sheep, with a variety of household and kitchen furniture; also, a quantity of corn and tobacco. Sold as the property of the above named John Cartwright, to satisfy a debt due the state of Maryland, as late collector of St. Mary's county.

PHILIP FORD, Sheriff.

St. Mary's county, September 19, 1791.

By virtue of a writ of *venditioni exponas*, to me directed from the general court of the western shore of the state of Maryland, will be SOLD, for ready cash, on Saturday the 28th day of October next, on the premises,

THE DWELLING PLANTATION of Mr. Stephen Cawood, called Westham, containing by estimation 198½ acres, more or less. One other tract or parcel of land called Cawood's Inheritance, containing 10 acres, more or less.

——ALSO,——

Sundry negroes, horses, black cattle, sheep and hogs, and household furniture, together with a quantity of corn and tobacco. Sold as the property of the above named Stephen Cawood, to satisfy a debt due the state of Maryland, as one of the securities of John Cartwright, Esquire, late collector of St. Mary's county.

PHILIP FORD, Sheriff.

St. Mary's county, September 19, 1791.

By virtue of a writ of *venditioni exponas*, to me directed from the general court, will be SOLD, on Saturday the 28th day of October next, for ready cash, on the premises,

A TRACT or parcel of land called Collingwood, containing 100 acres, more or less. One other tract or parcel of land called Collingwood, containing 102 acres, more or less. Also, one other tract or parcel of land called Bedlam Neck, containing 38½ acres, more or less. Sold as the property of Clement Gardner, to satisfy a debt due the state of Maryland, as one of the securities of John Cartwright, Esquire, late collector of St. Mary's county.

PHILIP FORD, Sheriff.

THE creditors of WILLIAM RUSSELL, (an insolvent debtor) are requested to meet in Chester-town on Monday the 7th day of November next, with their respective claims properly attested.

THO. WORRELL, Administrator of EDWARD, late sheriff of Kent county.

ANNAPOLIS:
Printed by FREDERICK and CHARLES GREEN.